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ZOOLOGY.—*Nomenclatorial changes involving California polychaete worms.*¹ OLGA HARTMAN, University of California. (Communicated by MARY J. RATHBUN.)

In the course of a study of the marine annelid fauna of California certain revisions in the current names of a number of species appear necessary:

Cirriformia nom. nov. pro *Audouinia* Quatrefages, 1865, nec A. Costa. *Audouinia* was used by Costa in 1834 and 1851 for a genus of amphipods and is now considered a synonym of *Corophium* (cf. Stebbing, 1906, p. 685). Two common species from California are (1) *Cirriformia luxuriosa* (Moore, 1904) whose range is hereby extended northward to Dillon Beach, Marin County, California, and (2) *C. spirabranca* (Moore, 1904) known from Mendocino County (Chamberlin, 1919) south to San Diego, California (Moore, 1904).

Eteone pacifica nom. nov. pro *E. maculata* Treadwell, 1922, nec OErsted, 1843. This species described from Friday Harbor (Treadwell), was collected by Mr. C. E. Moritz and the author in 1933 at Moss Beach, San Mateo County, California.

Stylarioides dimissus nom. nov. pro *S. minuta* Treadwell, 1914, nec *Pherusa minuta* Quatrefages, 1865, which is a *Stylarioides*. Originally described from La Jolla, California, this species is now known to range northward to Moss Beach, San Mateo County, California.

Changes necessitating a shift of generic name or reduction to synonymy follow. The synonyms in each case follow the signs of equality:

¹ Received October 3, 1935.

- Aphrodita castanea* Moore, 1910 = *A. californica* Essenberg, 1917
Aphrodita japonica Marenzeller, 1879 = *A. solitaria* Essenberg, 1917
Acholoe fragilis (Baird) = *Lepidonotus fragilis* Baird, 1863
Acholoe leioseta (Chamberlin) = *Halosydna leioseta* Chamberlin, 1919
Acholoe pulchra (Johnson) = *Polynoe pulchra* Johnson, 1897 = ?*Halosydna succiniseta* Hamilton, 1915
Lepidonotus lagunae (Hamilton) = *Halosydna lagunae* Hamilton, 1915
Nereis vexillosa Grube, 1851 = *Mastigonereis spinosa* Kinberg, 1866
Perinereis monterea (Chamberlin) = *Nereis (Neanthes) monterea* Chamberlin, 1918
Uncinereis agassizi (Ehlers), 1868 = *Nereis notomacula* Treadwell, 1914 =
 Uncinereis subita Chamberlin, 1919
Glycera alba (Müller), 1788 = *Glycera basibranchia* Chamberlin, 1919
Glycera branchiopoda Moore, 1911 = *Glycera profundi* Chamberlin, 1919
Glycera macrobranchia Moore, 1911 = *Glycera exigua* Chamberlin, 1919
Eumida longicornuta (Moore) = *Eulalia longicornuta* Moore, 1906
Arabella semimaculata (Moore), 1911 = *Arabella munda* Chamberlin, 1919
Lumbrinereis inflata (Moore), 1911 = *Lumbrinereis cervicalis* Treadwell,
 1922 = *Lumbriconereis albifrons* Crossland, 1924
Ninoe chilensis Kinberg, 1865 = *Ninoe palmata* Moore, 1903
Orbinia nuda (Moore) = *Aricia nuda* Moore, 1911 (*Aricia* sensu Savigny,
 1822, nec R. L., 1817, pro *Lepidoptera*)
Scoloplos acmeceps Chamberlin, 1919 = *S. elongata* Johnson, 1901, nec
 Quatrefages, 1865
Boccardia natrix (Söderström), 1920 = *Polydora californica* Treadwell,
 1914 = nec *Spio californica* Fewkes, 1889
Laonice cirrata (M. Sars), 1851 = *Spionides foliata* Moore, 1923
Laonice sacculata (Moore) = *Spionides sacculata* Moore, 1923
Nerinides acuta (Treadwell) = *Spio acuta* Treadwell, 1914
Cirratulus cirratus (O. F. Müller) = *C. cingulatus* Johnson, 1901
Ophelia magna (Treadwell) = *Ophelina magna* Treadwell, 1914
Ophelia mucronata (Treadwell) = *Ophelina mucronata* Treadwell, 1914

ZOOLOGY.—*A new coyote from Honduras.*¹ E. A. GOLDMAN,
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In Central America coyotes are restricted mainly to open savanna or semi-forested areas, subject to a long dry season, along the Pacific coast as far south as Costa Rica. They do not regularly occur in the unbroken forests that cover so much of the general region, and form more or less effective barriers limiting their distribution. The discovery by the veteran collector, Mr. C. F. Underwood, of an undescribed form in an open, sterile, rocky section on the Caribbean side

¹ Received October 16, 1935.